

REDD+ Web Platform Newsletter January 2023

REDD+ activities in 2022

6 countries (Dominica, Dominican Republic, Guatemala, Indonesia, Panama and Paraguay) underwent the technical assessment in March 2022 of their forest reference emission level or forest reference level (FREL/FRL). In total, as of the end of 2022, **56** developing countries have established their FREL/FRL and **17** countries could verify their actual results through the technical analysis outlined in the Warsaw Framework for REDD+. We are happy that these countries are taking concrete steps towards ending deforestation and forest degradation!

Newly published FREL/FRL and its assessment report in 2022

- Cambodia: [Modified 2021 FRL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Colombia: [Modified 2020 FREL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Dominica: [Proposed 2022 FRL](#) (the process is ongoing)
- Dominican Republic: [Modified 2022 FREL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- El Salvador: [Modified 2021 FRL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Equatorial Guinea: [Modified 2020 FREL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Guatemala: [Proposed 2022 FREL/FRL](#) (the process is ongoing)
- Indonesia: [Modified 2022 FRL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Mexico: [Modified 2020 FREL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Peru: [Modified 2021 FREL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Panama: [Modified 2022 FRL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Paraguay: [Proposed 2022 FREL](#) (the process is ongoing)
- Saint Lucia: [Modified 2021 FRL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Suriname: [Modified 2021 FREL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Thailand: [Modified 2021 FREL/FRL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Togo: [Modified 2020 FRL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)
- Zambia: [Modified 2021 FREL](#), [Report on the technical assessment](#)

Newly published REDD+ results and its analysis technical report in 2022

- Argentina: [BUR 4 with REDD+ results](#) (2021), [REDD+ technical analysis technical report](#)
- Belize: [BUR1 with REDD+ results](#) (2021), [REDD+ technical analysis technical report](#)
- Brazil: [BUR4 with REDD+ results](#) (2020), [REDD+ technical analysis technical report](#)
- Gabon: [BUR1 with REDD+ results](#) (2021), [REDD+ technical analysis technical report](#)
- Honduras: [BUR1 with REDD+ results](#) (2020), [REDD+ technical analysis technical report](#)
- Indonesia: [BUR3 with REDD+ results](#) (2021), [REDD+ technical analysis technical report](#)
- Vietnam: [BUR3 with REDD+ results](#) (2021), [REDD+ technical analysis technical report](#)

Furthermore, **Gabon** could fulfill all requirements to receive results-based payment and entered into the [Lima REDD+ Information Hub](#). **13** countries on the Info Hub have successfully reduced GHG emissions by approximately **10.4 billion tons of CO₂** through REDD+ activities. Results-based payments equating to **389 million tons of CO₂** have been reported.

COP 27 and REDD+

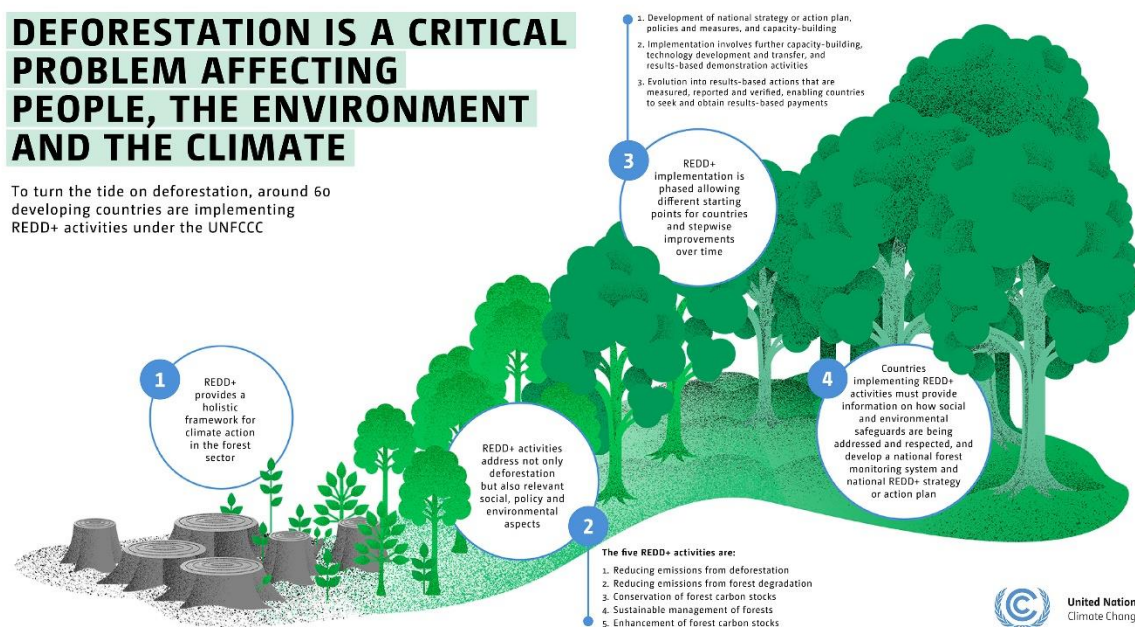
COP 27 at Sharm el-Sheikh in Egypt showed renewed political commitment towards forest climate action, which created new momentum for REDD+. This is a big step forward to protect global forests and accelerate global efforts to keep global warming within 1.5 degrees Celsius. In particular, [decision 1/CP.27, para 47](#) recalls:

that, in the context of the provision of adequate and predictable support to developing country Parties, Parties should collectively aim to slow, halt and reverse forest cover and carbon loss, in accordance with national circumstances, consistently with the ultimate objective of the Convention, as stated in its Article 2¹

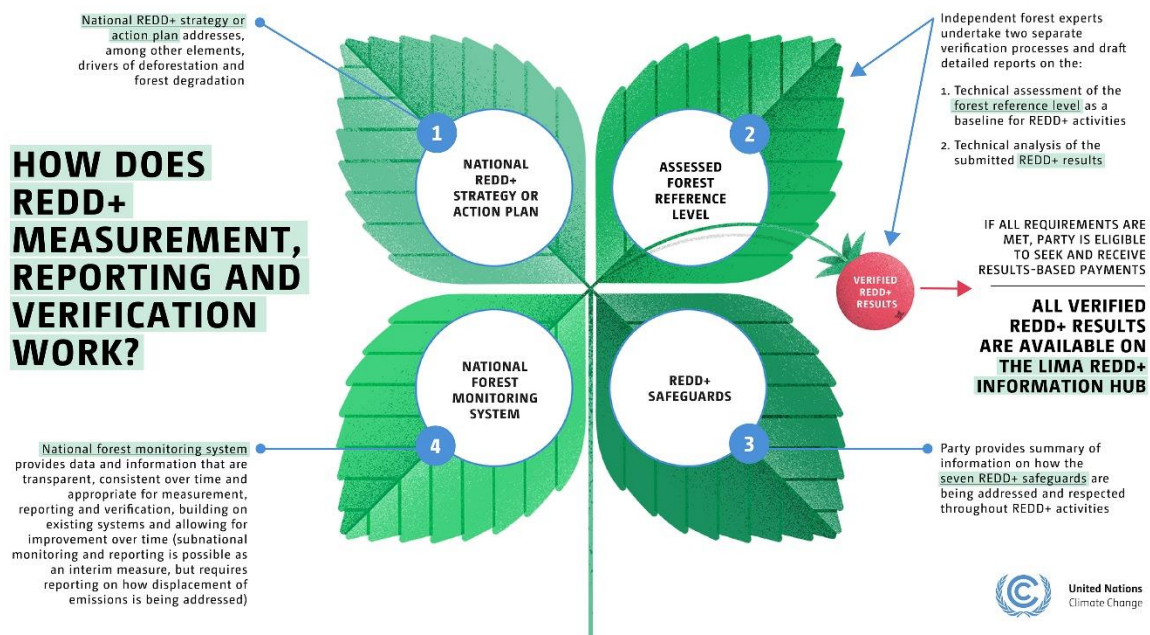
Also, [1/CP.27, para 15](#) and [1/CMA.4, para 30](#) mention the importance of protecting, conserving and restoring nature and ecosystem to achieve the Paris Agreement. [Decision 1/CMA.4, para 80-81](#) reaffirms the importance of activities relating to reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation. In the Sharm el-Sheikh: [Guidance to the Green Climate Fund](#) (CMA4), the GCF is encouraged to continue supporting results-based payments through policy approaches. [The UN Climate Change News](#) has details of what happened at COP 27 related to REDD+.

REDD+ infographic

UNFCCC published two infographics that explain how the REDD+ framework works and highlight all requirements to be met by a country to be eligible for results-based payments. We hope that these infographics will help all stakeholders to understand how developing countries can become eligible to seek and receive results-based payments. You can download them freely from [here!](#)



¹ Decision 1/CP.16 and 9/CP.19



Prospects in 2023

The secretariat received **9** new proposed FREL/FRL from Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Honduras, Philippines, Papua New Guinea, Saint Lucia, Timor-Leste and Vanuatu for the technical assessment session in 2023. They will undergo the technical assessment process which will be held 20-24 March. Bolivia, Timor-Leste, Philippines and Vanuatu submitted their first reference level, while the other countries have improved their methodologies and data over time and updated their reference levels. For Brazil, it's the first **national** reference level.

Also, it can be expected that many countries will submit their REDD+ results this year, as in 2022. At this moment, the technical analysis sessions of Mexico's, Suriname's, Mozambique's and Democratic Republic of the Congo's REDD+ activity results are scheduled in January, February and June. Check out our [REDD+ Web Platform](#) regularly to stay up-to-date on global REDD+ progress in 2023!

Tentative schedule related to REDD+ in 2023

Date	Event	Country	Link
January	Technical analysis process for REDD+ results	Mexico	BUR with submission of REDD+ results (BUR3)
February	Technical analysis process for REDD+ results	Suriname	1st REDD+ results 2nd REDD+ results
March	Technical assessment week for FREL/FRL	Bolivia Brazil Chile Honduras Philippines Papua New Guinea Saint Lucia Timor-Leste Vanuatu	Bolivia's RL Brazil's RL Chile's RL Honduras's RL Philippines's RL PNG's RL Saint Lucia's RL Timor-Leste's RL Vanuatu's RL
June	Technical analysis process for REDD+ results	Mozambique Democratic Republic of the Congo	Mozambique's BUR with submission of REDD+ results (BUR1) DRC's REDD+ results

Contact

Check out the [REDD+ web platform](#) for further details on REDD+ activities. For any further questions related to the platform, please don't hesitate to contact the secretariat via redwebplatform@unfccc.int.

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