

EVENT

The REDD+ Community of Practice: A Global Mutirão for Forests

18 November 2025, 11:00-12:30 Parana Room, Area C, Blue Zone





The role of REDD+ in NDCs and Article 6

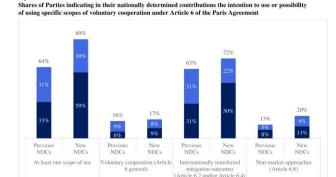
Dirk Nemitz, Team lead, AFOLU unit 18 November 2025

NDC Synthesis Report

 The UN Climate Change published the NDC Synthesis Report 2025 on 28 October 2025.

https://unfccc.int/documents/650664

 The report, which covers the 64 updated NDCs, includes a two-page section dedicated to forests, including REDD+.



Note: The sums of the shares of Parties intending to use and possibly using voluntary cooperation for previous NDCs and internationally transferred mitigation outcomes for previous NDCs do not match the totals presented owing to rounding.

107. A total of 17 per cent of Parties mentioned the general use of voluntary cooperation under Article 6 of the Paris Agreement, compared with 16 per cent in their previous NDCs; 72 per cent referenced planned or possible use of internationally transferred mitigation outcomes, including through cooperative approaches referred to in Article 6, paragraph 2, or under the mechanism established by Article 6, paragraph 4, compared with 63 per cent previously; and 20 per cent referred to the planned or possible use of non-market approaches, compared with 13 per cent previously.

■ Intention to use ■ Possibility of using

108. A total of 38 per cent of Parties, compared with 27 per cent in their previous NDCs, defined their approach to the use of voluntary cooperation. 59 per cent stated that they will use voluntary cooperation as a means of achieving conditional elements of their mitigation targets; 3 per cent have set quantitative goals for the extent of use of voluntary cooperation for achieving their mitigation targets; and 36 per cent highlighted the importance of their use of voluntary cooperation for achieving their mitigation targets in a manner consistent with guidance adopted by the CMA, such as applying robust accounting to avoid double counting, reporting in the BTRs, ensuring environmental integrity and promoting sustainable development.

109. Notably, 34 per cent of Parties indicated that they plan to develop, are developing or have already developed the legal and regulatory arrangements, policy frameworks or operational manuals, as well as established, for example, the institutional structures, approval and authorization processes and carbon registries, necessary to facilitate the implementation of Article 6 of the Paris Agreement.

K. Fores

110. Reducing emissions from forests and land-use change and simultaneously enhancing removals from forests was mentioned in NDCs as a key mitigation option, with 84 per cent of Parties including the LULUCF sector in their economy-wide mitigation target. A total of 53 per cent of Parties defined a separate LULUCF-specific target, such as increasing carbon



Key message: Forest Climate Actions

More Parties than before are now including a broader range of forest climate actions in their NDCs.



Afforestation / reforestation



Sustainable forest management



Forest fire management



Policy framework

Maintain and enhance forest carbon stocks

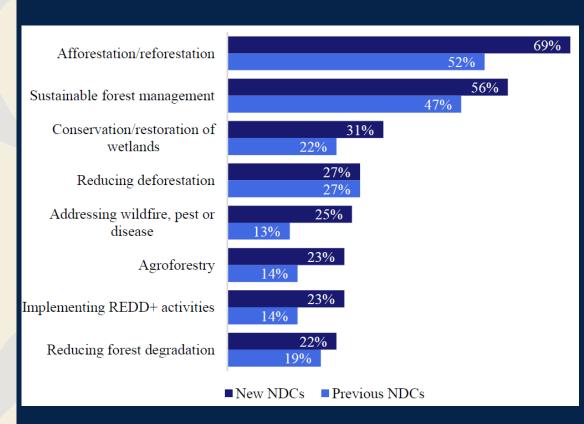
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Generate employment opportunities



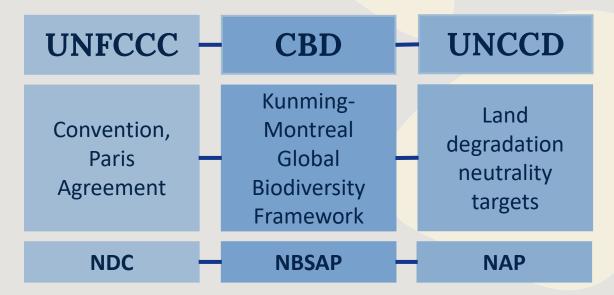


Figure 6 of the NDC Synthesis Report: Comparison of the shares of Parties that referred to forest-related climate action in their previous and new nationally determined contributions



Key message: Rio Conventions

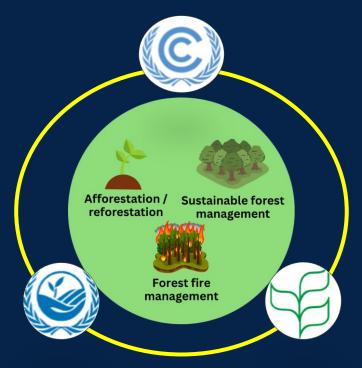
Parties highlight strong synergies among the Rio Conventions, which enhance financial efficiency and maximize impact.







Forests & Rio Conventions

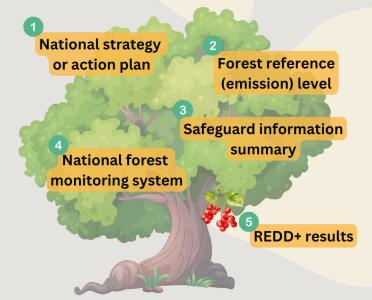


- Forest climate actions contribute to directly to achieving the 2030 targets under the KMGBF and/or LDN targets.
- Mainstreaming nature- and ecosystem-based solutions across the Rio Conventions strengthens national coherence and delivers joint benefits for climate adaptation, biodiversity and land

Key message: REDD+

Many developing countries referred to the important role of REDD+ activities in guiding mitigation actions in the forest

sector.







Key Figures on REDD+

- Parties have submitted their forest reference (emission) levels, totaling 101 submissions.
- Parties have submistted their national REDD+ strategies / action plans, totaling 38 submissions.
- Parties have submitted their safeguards information summaries, totaling 52 submissions.
- Parties have submitted their REDD+ results, totaling 14.24 Gt CO2eq in emission reductions.

Key message: climate finance in forests

Persistent funding gaps remain, with Parties stressing that predictable domestic and international finance, including REDD+ results-based payments (RBP), is essential for turing ambition into durable outcomes.

of 12.02 GtCO2eq



21 countries are eligible to receive RBP for a reduction







Recent forest finance

2.5bn

European nations have backed a USD 2.5bn plan to save the Congo rainforest.

5.5bn

Over USD 5.5bn announced for TFFF as 53 countries endorse the historic TFFF launch declaration.

New GCF policy on results-based payments

Article 6 of the Paris Agreement

Key message: Capacity-building

Several Parties report forest-related capacity-building efforts for communities and key stakeholders, strengthening conservation skills, supporting green jobs and enabling a just transition.

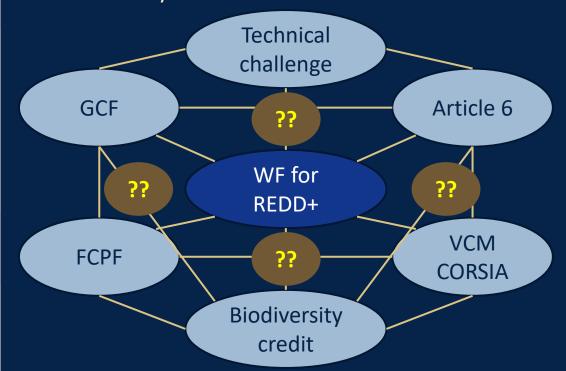
Many also highlight empowering women, Indigenous Peoples and local communities in forest management—promoting inclusive decision-making, knowledge sharing, community resilience and equitable benefit-sharing.





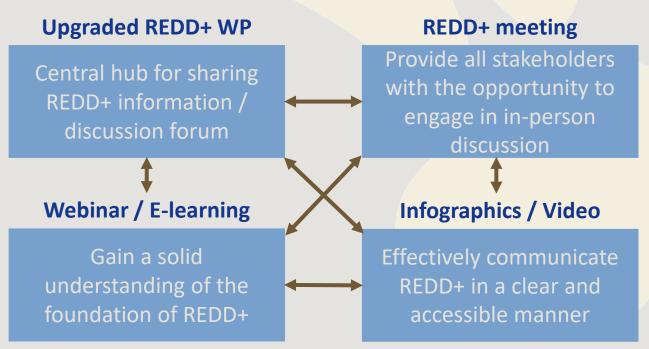
REDD+ Community of Practice

As a dedicated platform for dialogue, technical exchange and sharing experiences and lessons learned, among REDD+ countries, donors, and relevant stakeholders to support REDD+ implementation, welaunched the REDD+ Community of Practice in June.



Overview of REDD+ CP

All activities are interconnected and mutually reinforcing.





Jun: Launching the REDD+ CP

Jul: Upgraded REDD+ Web Platform

Nov: REDD+ Webinar

What we will do

Dec: REDD+ meeting for LAC countries

2026: REDD+ Global Meeting

• 2026: REDD+ knowledge materials





Join the REDD+ Community of Practice



Join the REDD+ Community of Practice by creating your account:

https://redd.unfccc.int/

REDD+ Web Platform users will recieve:

- Regular REDD+ Newsletter
- Information on REDD+ CP
- Announcement of various REDD+ events, etc.,







September 202

>>> REDD+ WEB PLATFORM <<<

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REDD+ NEWSLETTER

Special Edition
UN Climate Change

TOP NEWS

- Call for FRELs/FRLs submissions for the 2026 technical assessment
- REDD+ Community of Practice:
 Webinar on 3 November
- Article 6.4 leakage standard adopted on 16 May
- A new funding window: FCDO-led Outcomes Accelerator



TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT IN 2026 <<<

The UN Climate Change has published a notice titled "MESSAGE TO PARTIES AND OBSERVER STATES - Submission and technical assessment of proposed REDD+ technical forest reference emission levels and/or forest reference levels (FRELs/FRLs) in 2026- 2027". Parties wishing to undergo the technical assessment in 2026 should provide an early notice by 1 November 2025 and submit their FRELs/FRLs by 12 January 2026.

For Parties planning to update FRELs/FRLs, the 2026 technical assessment is the final opportunity for completing the FREL/FRL technical assessment process for use in a technical annex to the second BTR, which is due for submission by 31 December 2026.

TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT IN
2026 IS THE LAST CHANCE
TO UPDATE REDD+
REFERENCE LEVELS AHEAD
OF SUBMITTING REDD+
RESULTS IN BTR2 BY 31
DECEMBER 2026

To date, 7 countries submitted REDD+ results as an annex to their first BTR: Bhutan, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Guyana, Indonesia and Panama: The technical analysis of Guyana's and Panama's results have already been completed. They now meet all requirements to receive results-based payments, and entered into the Lima REDD+ Information Hub!

Proposed timeline for the submission of REDD+ results measured against a new FREL/FRL, as an annex to BTR2

